

**CELANEX® 2302 GV1/20 - PBT**
**Description**

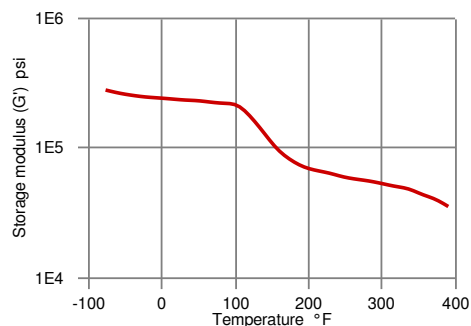
PBT + PET, 20% glass fiber reinforced, high gloss

Chemical abbreviation according to ISO 1043-1: PBT Moulding compound ISO 7792- PBT+PET, MGHR, 08-080N, GF20; Polybutylene terephthalate polymer blend with PET, 20 % glass fibre reinforced, injection molded parts with superior gloss. Flammability UL 94 HB minimum thickness 0.8 mm. Recognition by Underwriters Laboratories, USA (UL)

Physical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Density	91.8	lb/ft <sup>3</sup>	ISO 1183
Melt volume rate, MVR	18	cm <sup>3</sup> /10min	ISO 1133
MVR temperature	509	°F	ISO 1133
MVR load	4.76	lb	ISO 1133
Molding shrinkage, parallel (flow)	0.3 - 0.5	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
Molding shrinkage, transverse normal	0.8 - 1.0	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
Water absorption, 23°C-sat	0.4	%	Sim. to ISO 62
Humidity absorption, 23°C/50%RH	0.15	%	ISO 62
Mechanical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Tensile modulus	1.09E6	psi	ISO 527-1, -2
Tensile stress at break, 5mm/min	19300	psi	ISO 527-1, -2
Tensile strain at break, 5mm/min	3	%	ISO 527-1, -2
Flexural strength, 23°C	25400	psi	ISO 178
Charpy impact strength, 23°C	20.5	ft-lb/in <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy impact strength, -30°C	20.5	ft-lb/in <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C	4.04	ft-lb/in <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179/1eA
Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C	3.81	ft-lb/in <sup>2</sup>	ISO 179/1eA
Ball indentation hardness, 30s	29000	psi	ISO 2039-1
Thermal properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Melting temperature, 10°C/min	491	°F	ISO 11357-1/-3
DTUL at 1.8 MPa	383	°F	ISO 75-1, -2
DTUL at 0.45 MPa	428	°F	ISO 75-1, -2
DTUL at 8.0 MPa	203	°F	ISO 75-1, -2
Vicat softening temperature, 50°C/h 50N	428	°F	ISO 306
Coeff. of linear therm expansion, parallel	0.194	E-4/°F	ISO 11359-2
Limiting oxygen index (LOI)	20	%	ISO 4589-1/-2
Flammability @1.6mm nom. thickn.	HB	class	UL 94
thickness tested (1.6)	0.1	in	UL 94
Flammability at thickness h	HB	class	UL 94
thickness tested (h)	0.0315	in	UL 94
Electrical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Dielectric constant (Dk), 100Hz	4.4	-	IEC 60250
Dielectric constant (Dk), 1MHz	4.1	-	IEC 60250
Dissipation factor, 100Hz	13	E-4	IEC 60250
Dissipation factor, 1MHz	180	E-4	IEC 60250
Volume resistivity, 23°C	>1E13	Ohm*m	IEC 62631-3-1
Surface resistivity, 23°C	>1E15	Ohm	IEC 62631-3-2
Electric strength, 23°C (AC)	737	kV/in	IEC 60243-1
Comparative tracking index	PLC 2	-	UL 746
CTI 50 drops	250	V	IEC 60112

## Diagrams

### Dynamic Shear modulus-temperature



### Typical injection moulding processing conditions

Pre Drying	Value	Unit
Necessary low maximum residual moisture content	0.02	%
Drying time	2 - 4	h
Drying temperature	248 - 284	°F
Temperature	Value	Unit
Hopper temperature	68 - 122	°F
Feeding zone temperature	374 - 392	°F
Zone1 temperature	482 - 500	°F
Zone2 temperature	482 - 500	°F
Zone3 temperature	500 - 518	°F
Zone4 temperature	500 - 518	°F
Nozzle temperature	509 - 527	°F
Melt temperature	509 - 527	°F
Mold temperature	194 - 212	°F
Hot runner temperature	509 - 527	°F
Speed	Value	
Injection speed	fast	
Screw Speed	Value	Unit
Screw speed diameter, 25mm	90	RPM
Screw speed diameter, 40mm	75	RPM
Screw speed diameter, 55mm	60	RPM

### Other text information

#### Pre-drying

CELANEX should in principle be predried. Because of the necessary low maximum residual moisture content the use of dry air dryers is recommended. The dew point should be  $\leq -30^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The time between drying and processing should be as short as possible.

**Longer pre-drying times/storage**

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For subsequent storage of the material in the dryer until processed ( $\leq 60$  h) it is necessary to lower the temperature to 100 °C.

**Injection molding**

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Melt Temperature 265-275 °C  
Mold Temperature \*) 90-100 °C  
Maximum Barrel Residence Time \*\*) 5-10 min  
Injection Speed fast  
Peripheral screw speed max. 0,3 m/sec  
Back Pressure 10-30 bar  
Injection Pressure 600-1000 bar  
Holding Pressure 400-800 bar  
Nozzle Design open design preferred

Injection speed, injection pressure and holding pressure have to be optimized to the individual article geometry. To avoid material degradation during processing low back pressure and minimum screw speed have to be used. Overheating of the material has to be avoided.

Celanese recommends only externally heated hot runner systems.

\*) For moulded parts with especially high requirements to the surface quality or dimensional stability, a mold temperature of up to 110 °C can be advantageous.

\*\*) If the cylinder temperatures are higher than the recommended maximum temperatures, the max. residence time in the barrel has to be reduced.

**Injection Molding Preprocessing**

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To avoid hydrolytic degradation during processing, CELANEX resins have to be dried to a moisture level equal to or less than 0,02%. The drying should be done in a dry-air dryer (dew point  $< -30^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) with a temperature of 120 to 140 °C and a drying time of 2 to 4 hours. In case of longer residence times in the dry-air dryer, the temperature should be reduced to 100 °C.

The time between drying and processing should be kept as short as possible. The processing machine feed hopper should be closed during the processing operation.

**Characteristics**

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<b>Special Characteristics</b>	Heat resistant, High gloss
<b>Product Categories</b>	Glass reinforced, Polymer blend
<b>Processing</b>	Injection molding
<b>Delivery Form</b>	Pellets
<b>Additives</b>	Release agent

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